

Optimising Temperature Monitoring in HOT Gallbladder Theatre (Anaesthetics QIP)

The Shrewsbury and Telford Hospital

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REASON WHY?

Hypothermia increases bleeding, infection risk and recovery time AAGBI guidelines recommend to check temperature every 30 minutes during an operation

Monitoring during the hot gallbladder list (a short-medium length procedure) is often missing or incomplete











To improve 30-minute temperature monitoring compliance during HOT Gallbladder lists and ensure consistent, guideline-based documentation by the 31st October 2025

PLAN

Objectives:

- 1. Improve compliance with 30-minute intraoperative temperature monitoring.
- 2. Increase staff awareness of AAGBI quidelines and the importance of regular temperature documentation.
- 3. Promote consistent and reliable documentation across all HOT Gallbladder cases.

DO

We placed reminder posters in the anaesthetic rooms for CEPOD (where anaesthetists rotate more frequently to raise awareness) and in Theatres 2 and 4, where the HOT Gallbladder list usually runs.

We engaged anaesthetists in training before their morning teaching, highlighting the importance of regular temperature monitoring and documentation.

We conducted a baseline audit to assess temperature monitoring compliance and then performed a re-audit after our intervention to measure improvement.

STUDY

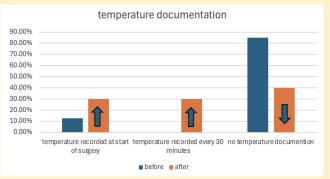
Baseline audit

- Only 12.5% of cases had temperature recorded at the start of surgery
- 87.5% had no documentation
- · This Highlighted low compliance with AAGBI quidelines

Re-Audit

- **30%** of cases had temperatures recorded every 30 minutes
- 30% had temperature recorded at the start only
- 40% had no documentation
- Demonstrates a clear **improvement** in temperature monitoring and documentation after the intervention





ACT

We will adopt the reminder posters and team briefings, as they effectively improved awareness and compliance. We will adapt the project by expanding reminders to other theatre lists. Next steps involve reauditing in 3-6 months to assess long-term impact.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS & REFERENCES |